

Searching HaPI Using Ovid

After logging into Health and Psychosocial Instruments (HaPI) through your library, you will be presented with the main search screen as seen below:

The screenshot displays the OvidSP search interface. At the top left, the logos for Wolters Kluwer Health and OvidSP are visible. On the top right, the user is logged in as 'happub' with links for 'Support & Training', 'Help', and 'Logoff'. Below the navigation bar, there are two tabs: 'Search' (active) and 'My Workspace'. A 'Search History' section shows 0 searches with a 'View Saved' button and a table with columns for checkboxes, search numbers, search terms, results, search types, and actions. Below the table are buttons for 'Remove Selected', 'Save Selected', and 'Combine selections with: And Or'. A 'Save Search History' button is also present. The main search area includes navigation links for 'Basic Search', 'Find Citation', 'Search Fields', 'Advanced Search', and 'Multi-Field Search'. It indicates '1 Resource selected' with 'Show' and 'Change' options. The search input section has radio buttons for 'Keyword', 'Author', 'Title', and 'Journal', a text input field, and a 'Search' button. A 'Limits' section is expanded, showing checkboxes for 'Full Text', 'Abstracts', 'English Language', 'Latest Update', 'Primary Source', and 'Secondary Source'. It also includes 'Publication Year' dropdowns and 'Additional Limits' and 'Edit Limits' buttons.

Wolters Kluwer Health | OvidSP

Logged in as happub
Support & Training | Help | Logoff

Search | My Workspace

▼ Search History (0 searches) (Click to close) View Saved

<input type="checkbox"/>	# ▼	Searches	Results	Search Type	Actions
-	-	-	-	-	-

Remove Selected | Save Selected | Combine selections with: And Or

Save Search History

Basic Search | Find Citation | Search Fields | Advanced Search | Multi-Field Search

1 Resource selected ⓘ | Show | Change

Enter keyword or phrase (* or \$ for truncation) Keyword Author Title Journal Search

▼ Limits (Click to close)

Full Text Abstracts English Language
 Latest Update Primary Source Secondary Source

Publication Year - -

Additional Limits Edit Limits

ADVANCED SEARCH

The best way to search HaPI involves using the **Advanced Search** option from the main search page. There is no need to click anything because the Advanced Search field is already selected when logging into HaPI.

1. Search for whatever term you want in the search box. (**NOTE:** You can search for your term in four different areas: **Keyword, Author, Title, or Journal**).
2. Notice the **Limits** portion that will help narrow your search results (**Full Text, English Language, etc.**) and apply them when necessary.
3. Click the blue **Search** button when you are ready to run the search.

An example is shown below of how to structure a search:

The screenshot displays the 'Advanced Search' section of the HaPI interface. At the top, there are navigation links: 'Basic Search', 'Find Citation', 'Search Fields', 'Advanced Search', and 'Multi-Field Search'. Below these, it indicates '1 Resource selected' with 'Show' and 'Change' options. The search input area is labeled 'Enter keyword or phrase (* or \$ for truncation)' and contains the text 'depression'. The search type is set to 'Keyword' (selected with a radio button), with other options being 'Author', 'Title', and 'Journal'. A blue 'Search' button is to the right. Below the search input is a 'Limits' section with a dropdown arrow and the text '(Click to close)'. This section contains several checkboxes: 'Full Text', 'Latest Update', 'Abstracts', 'Primary Source' (checked), 'English Language', and 'Secondary Source'. There is also a 'Publication Year' field with two dropdown menus. At the bottom of the limits section are 'Additional Limits' and 'Edit Limits' buttons. Two red callout boxes with arrows point to specific elements: one points to the search input box with the text 'We searched "depression" as a keyword.', and the other points to the 'Primary Source' checkbox with the text 'We searched for Primary Source records.'

RESULTS

After running the search, you will be presented with a search results page as seen below:

The screenshot shows a search results interface. At the top, there is a 'Search History' section with two searches. The first search is 'limit 1 to primary source' with 2 results. The second search is 'depression.mp. [mp=title, acronym, descriptors, measure descriptors, sample descriptors, abstract, source]' with 1 result. Below the search history, there are buttons for 'Remove Selected', 'Save Selected', and 'Combine selections with: And Or'. An RSS icon is also present. The main results table has columns for '#', 'Searches', 'Results', 'Search Type', and 'Actions'. The first row shows 1821 results for the search 'limit 1 to primary source' with an 'Advanced' search type and a 'Display' button. The second row shows 1 result for the search 'depression.mp...' with an 'Advanced' search type and a 'Display' button. Red boxes and arrows highlight the number of records and the 'Display' button.

#	Searches	Results	Search Type	Actions
2	limit 1 to primary source	1821	Advanced	Display More »
1	depression.mp. [mp=title, acronym, descriptors, measure descriptors, sample descriptors, abstract, source]		Advanced	Display More »

- After clicking “Display,” you will be presented with a list of records that give some initial information.
- If you are not happy with the results, there are ways to further limit those results with the tools listed in a box that is next to the list of records. The tools box is shown below:

The screenshot shows a 'Filter By' sidebar. It includes an 'Add to Search History' button, a 'Selected Only (0)' section, and a 'Years' section with options for 'All Years', 'Current year', 'Past 3 years', and 'Past 5 years'. There is also a 'Specific Year Range' section with 'From' and 'To' input fields and an 'Apply' button. At the bottom, there are expandable sections for 'Subject', 'Author', and 'Journal'.

VIEWING A RECORD

Once finding a record that is of interest to you, click on its title and you will be presented with the detailed information of that particular instrument's record. An example of a full record is shown below:

Accession Number	9129
Title	Children's Depression Inventory.
Acronym	CDI
Instrument Author	Kovacs, Maria.
Source Code	Primary Source
Source	Kovacs, M. (1985). The Children's Depression Inventory (CDI). Psychopharmacology Bulletin, 21(4), 995-998.
Language	English
Abstract	Children's Depression Inventory (CDI) is designed to quantify the severity of depressive symptoms in school-aged children and adolescents. The CDI quantifies a range of depressive symptoms including disturbed mood, hedonic capacity, vegetative functions, self-evaluation, and interpersonal behaviors. Several items focus on the consequences of depression in contexts that are specifically relevant to children (e.g., school). The CDI is designed for use as a severity rating scale, not a diagnostic tool. Each item consists of three choices, keyed from 0 to 2 in the direction of increasing severity. Total scores can range from 0 to 54. The respondent is instructed to select the one sentence for each item that best describes him or her for the past two weeks. The CDI can be individually or group administered. The administrator reads aloud the CDI, while respondents read along silently on their own copy and mark their answers. The readability of the CDI is at the first-grade level.
Number of Questions	27.
Measure Descriptors	Depression Emotion* Depression* Depressive Disorder* Major Depression* Severity Disorders*
Sample Descriptors	Adolescence Adolescent Child Childhood School Age Children
Analyst	HaPI Staff.
Year	1985
Update Code	201007

This is an example of a full record that was found based on your initial search. Notice that the word(s) that you searched for are highlighted in yellow.